

PRESSURE OPERATED PUMPS PPO14

DESCRIPTION

The ADCAMat PPO14 pressure operated pump is recommended in the transfer of steam condensate, oils and other non-hazardous liquids compatible with the construction, to a higher elevation or pressure. Under certain conditions, it can drain a closed vessel under vacuum or pressure.

The pump can be operated using steam, compressed air or other gases, and is manufactured in carbon steel or stainless steel.

OPERATION

Liquid flows by gravity into the pump through an inlet check valve, lifting the float. At this point, the motive fluid intake valve is closed while the vent valve is open. As the float reaches its highest position the motive fluid intake valve opens and the vent valve closes, allowing the motive fluid to enter the pump body. The pressure in the pump builds up just enough to overcome backpressure.

The pressurized liquid opens the outlet check valve and the discharge starts. The liquid discharged may be quantified through a special counter, enabling the pump to function as a reliable flow meter.

When the float reaches its lower position the motive fluid intake valve closes and the vent valve opens allowing the liquid to fill the pump once again, repeating the cycle.



MAIN F	EATURES
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Hardened stainless steel wear parts. High-endurance inconel springs. Low filling head to minimize installation space. No electric requirements or NPSH issues. Suitable for hazardous environments. Low running costs.

OPTIONS:	Level gauge. Stroke counters.
USE:	To lift steam condensate and other liquids compatible with the construction.
AVAILABLE MODELS:	PPO14S – carbon steel. PPO14SS – stainless steel.
SIZES:	1" x 1", 11/2" x 11/2" and 2" x 2"; DN 25 x DN 25, DN 40 x DN 40 and DN 50 x DN 50.
CONNECTIONS:	Flanged EN 1092-1 PN 16. Flanged ASME B16.5 Class 150. Female threaded ISO 7 Rp (threaded flanges). Others on request.
INSTALLATION:	Horizontal installation. An example is shown in Fig. 1. See IMI – Installation and maintenance instructions.

MOTIVE MEDIUM: Saturated steam, compressed air, nitrogen and other gases.

CE MARKING – GROUP 2 (PED – European Directive)		
PN 16 Category		
All sizes	2 (CE marked)	

BODY LIMITING CONDITIONS *				
PPC	PPO14S PPO14SS			
	IGED LASS 150	FLANGED PN 16	FLANGED CL. 150	RELATED
ALLOW PRESS.	RELATED TEMP.	ALLOW PRESS.	ALLOW PRESS.	TEMP.
16 bar	50 °C	16 bar	15,3 bar	50 °C
14 bar	100 °C	15 bar	13,3 bar	100 °C
13 bar	195 °C	12,7 bar	11,1 bar	200 °C
12 bar	250 °C	12 bar	10,2 bar	250 °C

* Rating according to EN 1092-1:2018.

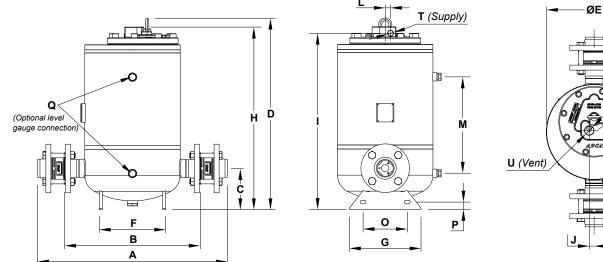
LIMITING CONDITIONS			
Liquid specific gravity	0,8 to 1		
Maximum viscosity	5º Engler		
Maximum motive inlet pressure	10 bar		
Minimum motive inlet pressure	0,5 bar		
Maximum operating temperature	185 °C		
Minimum operating temperature	0 °C		
Pump discharge per cycle	16 L		

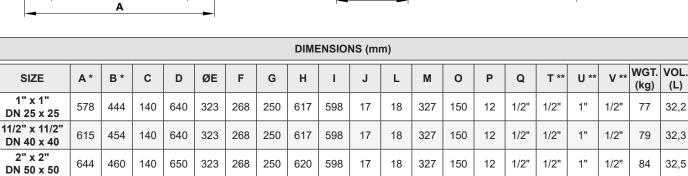
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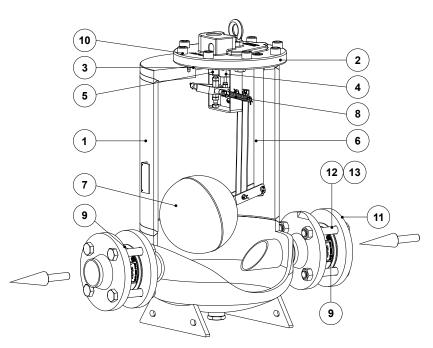
V (Counter)





* With EN 1092-1 welding neck flanges. Dimensions may differ if ASME B16.5 flanges or ISO 7 Rp female threaded flanges are requested. Consult the manufacturer.

** As standard, in versions manufactured with EN 1092-1 PN 16 flanges, these connections are female threaded ISO 7 Rp. In versions with ASME B16.5 flanges, these connections are female threaded NPT.



MATERIALS

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MATERIALS				
POS. Nº	DESIGNATION	PPO14S	PPO14SS	
1	Pump body	P265GH / 1.0425; P235GH / 1.0345; S235JR / 1.0038; P250GH / 1.0460	AISI 316 / 1.4401; AISI 304 / 1.4301	
2	Cover	GJS-400-15 / 0.7040	AISI 316 / 1.4401; AISI 304 / 1.4301	
3	* Cover gasket	Stainless steel / Graphite	Stainless steel / Graphite	
4	* Intake valve/seat assembly	Stainless steel	Stainless steel	
5	* Exhaust valve/seat assembly	Stainless steel	Stainless steel	
6	Lever assembly	Stainless steel	Stainless steel	
7	* Float	Stainless steel	Stainless steel	
8	* Spring assembly	Inconel	Inconel	
9	* Check valve	A351 CF8M / 1.4408	A351 CF8M / 1.4408	
10	Bolt	Steel 8.8	Stainless steel A2-70	
11	Counter flange	P250GH / 1.0460	AISI 316 / 1.4401	
12	Bolt	Zinc plated steel	Stainless steel A2-70	
13	Nut	Zinc plated steel	Stainless steel A2-70	

* Available spare parts.

SIZING

To accurately size a pressure operated pump, the following information must be provided:

1. The condensate load (kg/h).

2. The operating medium (steam, compressed air or other gases) and its pressure.

3. The total lift or backpressure in bar the pump will have to overcome. This includes the change in fluid level elevation after the pump (0.0981 bar/m of lift), plus pressure in the return piping, plus the pressure drop caused by pipe friction and other system components.

4. Available filling head in mm or any other dimension that allows its determination.

Table 1

CAPACITY CORRECTION FACTOR FOR GASES OTHER THAN STEAM								
% Backpressure vs Motive pressure (BP/MP)10%30%50%70%90%								
Correction factor								

Table 2

CAPACITY CORRECTION FACTORS FOR FILLING HEADS OTHER THAN 300 mm					
	FILLING HEAD (mm)				
PUMP SIZE	150 300 600 900				
1" x 1" – DN 25 x 25	0,7	1	1,2	1,35	
11/2" x 11/2" – DN 40 x 40	0,7	1	1,2	1,35	
2" x 2" – DN 50 x 50	0,7	1	1,2	1,35	

RECEIVER

A receiver is recommended to temporarily hold the liquid and prevent any flooding of the equipment, while the pump is performing a pumping cycle. A definable length of large diameter pipe can be used. Suggested receiver sizes are shown in Table 3.

Table 3

RECEIVER					
PUMP SIZE 1" x 1" – DN 25 x 25 11/2" x 11/2" – DN 40 x 40 2" x 2" – DN 50 x 50					
Pipe size with 1 m length	6"	6"	8"		

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Table 4

INSTALLATION WITH 300 mm FILLING HEAD ABOVE THE PUMP COVER					
MOTIVE PRESSURE (bar)	TOTAL LIFT (bar)	1" x 1" – DN 25 x 25	11/2" x 11/2" – DN 40 x 40	2" x 2" – DN 50 x 50	
1		840	1490	2320	
2		1030	1520	3160	
3		1140	1640	3560	
4	0,35	1180	1680	3840	
5	0,35	1240	1740	3910	
6		1270	1760	3940	
8		1300	2200	3990	
10		1310	2205	4000	
2		805	1560	2550	
3		940	1790	2990	
4		1080	1930	3160	
5	1	1110	2010	3200	
6		1140	2090	3250	
8		1180	2190	3280	
10		1190	2200	3320	
3		780	1495	2470	
4		900	1690	2620	
5	0	1000	1820	2830	
6	2	1040	1910	2860	
8		1100	2010	2880	
10		1110	2060	2900	
4		740	1400	2360	
5		860	1545	2540	
6	3	910	1675	2560	
8		970	1805	2590	
10		980	1850	2650	
5		720	1335	2280	
6		820	1480	2460	
8	4	910	1675	2500	
10		930	1760	2540	
6		680	1290	2080	
8	5	740	1530	2180	
10		810	1630	2220	
7		660	1230	1880	
8	6	730	1370	1940	
10	-	820	1490	2150	

Remark: Based on liquid specific gravity of 0,9 to 1,0.

Example

Condensate load	1800 kg/h
Filling head	150 mm
Motive fluid	Compressed air
Available pressure	8 bar
Vertical lift after pump	6 m
Return piping pressure	1,5 bar
Piping friction pressure drop	Negligible

Calculations:

Total backpressure: $1,5 \text{ bar} + (6 \text{ m} \times 0,0981) = 2,09 \text{ bar}.$

Assuming steam as motive medium at a pressure of 8 bar and a total backpressure of 3 bar, then according to Table 4 a DN 50 x 50 pump, with a capacity of 2590 kg/h, is the recommended size.

Filling head correction:

With 150 mm filling head the correction factor from Table 2 is 0,7. The corrected capacity is thus 2590 kg/h x 0,7 = 1813 kg/h.

Correction for air as a motive medium:

The % backpressure is 2,09 bar / 8 bar = 30%. The correction factor from Table 1 is 1,08.

The corrected capacity is thus 1813 kg/h x 1,08 = 1958 kg/h, and so, a DN 50 x 50 pump is still the recommended size.

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TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

CONDENSATE RECOVERY IN AN OPEN LOOP SYSTEM

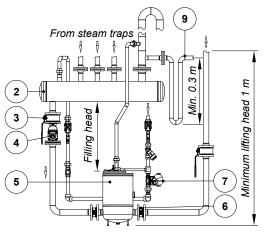
The pump transfers high temperature condensate without cavitation problems. The vent line must be unrestricted and self draining to the receiver (Fig. 1).

REMOVAL OF CONDENSATE UNDER PRESSURE WITH PUMP AND STEAM TRAP COMBINATION

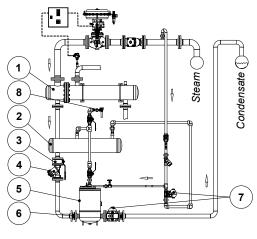
The pump is installed in a closed loop with its vent connected to a pressurized receiver (Fig. 2). When steam pressure is sufficient to overcome backpressure, the steam trap operates. As soon as, e.g., the equipment's control valve starts to modulate, the steam pressure will decrease (even vacuum can occur). The lower differential pressure decreases the steam trap ability to discharge, causing the condensate level to rise inside the body of the pump. Once the pump float reaches its higher position, the intake valve opens and steam replaces the necessary positive pressure to pump out the condensate.

DRAINAGE OF A SINGLE UNIT UNDER VACUUM

This configuration works with units operating with a minimum absolute pressure of 0,2 bar (Fig. 3). For proper operation the filling head (H1) must range between 1 and 2 meters. The lift (H) must be as minimum as possible, but never less than 1 meter, otherwise a siphon with height (H2) is required. Steam must be used as motive medium, and its maximum pressure should not exceed 3 bar.









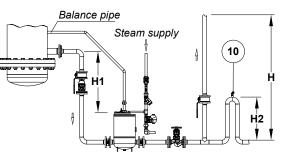


Fig. 3

	EQUIPMENT				
POS. Nº	DESIGNATION	POS. Nº	DESIGNATION		
1	Heat exchanger	6	Check valve		
2	Receiver	7	Steam trap		
3	Shut-off valve	8	Air vent		
4	Y strainer	9	Overflow		
5	Pump	10	Vacuum breaker		

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