## ELECTRO-PNEUMATIC POSITIONERS PE986

## DESCRIPTION

The ADCATrol PE986 is an electro-pneumatic positioner used for direct operation of pneumatic linear or rotary actuators by means of electrical controllers or control systems with a 4 to $20 \mathrm{~mA}, 2$ to 10 V or split ranges output.
The positioner features a compact design and a modular construction which allows easy attachment of options such as limit switches, analog feedback modules, manifolds, volume boosters, amongst others.

## MAIN FEATURES

Compact and flexible design.


Mounting onto any linear or rotary actuator.
Single or double acting.
Supply pressure up to 6 bar.
Adjustable amplification and damping.
Independent adjustment of stroke range and zero position.
Resistant to vibration effect in all directions.
ATEX approval (Ex ia).

## OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES

Module for analog position feedback.
Digital position feedback with inductive switches (two or three-wire system)
Digital position feedback with microswitches.
Attachment kit for linear actuators acc. to IEC 534/NAMUR.
Attachment kit with rotary adaptor for rotary actuators acc. to VID/ VDE 3845.
Connection manifold with gauges.
ATEX approval (Ex d): Version PE983.
Volume boosters

## TECHNICAL DATA

| GENERAL |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Material | Housing: Alluminium finished with DD-varnish black Mounting bracket: Alluminium <br> Moving parts of feedback system: AISI 303 /1.4305 or AISI 316Ti / 1.4571 |
| IP rating | Protection class IP 54 (IP 65 on request) |
| Pneumatic connections | Female threaded ISO 228 G 1/8" |
| Electrical connections | M20 x 1,5 Cable glands Screw terminals: max. $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Weight | Single acting: approx. $1,5 \mathrm{~kg}$ <br> Double acting: approx. $1,8 \mathrm{~kg}$ Attachment kit: <br> For diaphragm actuators: approx. $0,3 \mathrm{~kg}$ For rotary actuators: approx. $0,5 \mathrm{~kg}$ |


| INPUT SIGNAL |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Signal range | 4 to 20 mA or 2 to 10 V |
| Input resistance | $<200 \Omega$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Stroke range | 20 to $100 \%$ of the nominal operating range |
| Angular range | Linear: $30^{\circ}$ to $120^{\circ}$ <br> Equal percentage: $90^{\circ}$; from $70^{\circ}$ linear |
| OUTPUT SIGNAL |  |
| Output to actuator | 0 to $100 \%$ supply air pressure |
| AIR SUPPLY * |  |
| Air supply pressure | 1,4 to 6 bar (20 to 90 psig) |
| Solid particle size and density | Class 2 |
| Oil rate | Class 3 |
| Pressure dew point | 10K below ambient temperature |

* According to ISO 8573-1.

Remark: For air supply, we recommend the ADCA P10 filter regulator.

| AIR CONSUMPTION |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Single acting | Air supply $1.4 \mathrm{bar}(20 \mathrm{psig}) 200 \mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{h}(7,1 \mathrm{scfh})$ |
|  | Air supply $3.0 \mathrm{bar}(45 \mathrm{psig}) 400 \mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{h}(12,4 \mathrm{scfh})$ |
|  | Air supply $6.0 \mathrm{bar}(90 \mathrm{psig}) 600 \mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{h}(21,2 \mathrm{scfh})$ |
| Double acting | Air supply $1.4 \mathrm{bar}(20 \mathrm{psig}) 350 \mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{h}(10,6 \mathrm{scfh})$ |
|  | Air supply $3.0 \mathrm{bar}(45 \mathrm{psig}) 550 \mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{h}(17,7 \mathrm{scfh})$ |
|  | Air supply $6.0 \mathrm{bar}(90 \mathrm{psig}) 750 \mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{h}(33,5 \mathrm{scfh})$ |

Remark: NAMUR recommendation fulfilled

| CE MARKING |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Electromagnetic <br> compatibility | 89/336/EWG |
| Low-voltage <br> regulation | $73 / 23 /$ EWG not applicable |


| CAPACITY AT MAXIMUM DEVIATION (NI/h) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AIR PRESSURE SUPPLY | $\mathbf{1 , 4}$ bar | $\mathbf{2}$ bar | $\mathbf{4}$ bar | $\mathbf{6}$ bar |  |
| Without booster | 2700 | 3500 | 5500 | 7500 |  |
| With booster <br> LEXG-FN/GN | 18000 | 24000 | 40000 | 55000 |  |
| With booster <br> LEXG-HN | 38000 | 48000 | 80000 | 110000 |  |


| AIR OUTPUT |
| :---: |
| Load effect * |
| $-3 \%$ for delivery flow $2350 \mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{h}(83 \mathrm{scfh})$ |
| $+3 \%$ for exhausted flow $1900 \mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{h}(67 \mathrm{scfh})$ |

* Measured with air supply 1,4 bar and $50 \%$ of the signal range.

| RESPONSE CHARACTERISTIC * |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Amplification | Adjustable |
| Sensitivity | $<0,1 \%$ F.S. |
| Non-linearity (terminal <br> based adjustment) | $<1,0 \%$ F.S. |
| Hysteresis | $<0,3 \%$ F.S. |
| Supply air <br> dependency | $<0,3 \% / 0,1$ bar |
| Temperature effect | $<0,5 \% / 10 \mathrm{~K}$ |

* Data based on the following parameters: stroke 30 mm , feedback
lever $117,5 \mathrm{~mm}$, max. amplification, air supply pressure 3 bar.


## OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES

| INDUCTIVE LIMIT SWITCH (TWO-WIRE SYSTEM) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Input | Stroke / angle from actuator via positioner feedback lever |
| Output | 2 inductive proximity sensors acc. to DIN 19234 resp. NAMUR for connection to a switching amplifier with an intrinsically safe control circuit a) |
| Current consumption | Vane clear: > 3 mA Vane interposed: < 1 mA |
| Supply voltage | DC 8 V , Ri approx. $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Residual ripple | < 5 \% |
| Permissible line resistance | $<100 \Omega$ |
| Response characteristic b) | Gain: continuously adjustable from 1:1 to approx. 7:1 <br> Switching differential: < 1 \% <br> Switching point repeatability: < 0,2 \% <br> EMC: according to EN 60 947-5-2 |

a) For the standard version one switching amplifier is required. For the security version fail-safe amplifier for each inductive proximity sensor is required; Operating mode minimum (= low) / maximum (= high) selectable by adjustment of switch vanes; Operating mode normally closed circuit / normally open circuit selectable at switch amplifier output.
b) For feedback lever effective length 117,5 mm (4,63 in), stroke 30 mm (1,28 in) and maximum gain.

LIMIT SWITCH ASSEMBLY WITH MICROSWITCHES

| Input | Stroke / angle from actuator via positioner feedback |
| :--- | :---: |
| lever |  |$|$


| Switching voltage, <br> max. (V) | Ohmic load <br> (A) | Inductive load <br> (A) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | 5 | 3 |
| 50 | 1 | 1 |
| 75 | 0,75 | 0,75 |
| 125 | 0,5 | 0,03 |
| 250 | 0,25 | 0,03 |


| Response | Gain: continuously adjustable from 1:1 to approx. 7:1 |
| :--- | :--- | characteristic

d)

Switching differential: < 2,5 \%
Switching point repeatability: $<0,2 \%$

INDUCTIVE LIMIT SWITCH (THREE-WIRE SYSTEM)

| Input | Stroke / angle from actuator via positioner feedback <br> lever |
| :--- | :---: |
| Output | 2 inductive proximity sensors, three-wire system, <br> LED indication, contact, pnp b) |
| Supply voltage <br> US | DC 10 to 30 V |
| Residual ripple | $\pm 10 \%, \mathrm{US}=30 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Switching <br> frequency | 2 kHz |
| Constant <br> current | 100 mA |
| Response <br> characteristic <br> c) | Gain: continuously adjustable from $1: 1$ to approx. $7: 1$ <br> Switching differential: < $1 \%$ <br> Switching point repeatability: < $0.2 \%$ |

b) Operating mode minimum (= low) / maximum (= high) selectable by adjustment of switch vanes; Contact closed within the positive range. c) For feedback lever effective length $117,5 \mathrm{~mm}$ ( $4,63 \mathrm{in}$ ), stroke 30 mm (1,28 in) and maximum gain

## CONNECTION MANIFOLD WITH GAUGES

| Indicating <br> range | Stroke / angle from actuator via positioner feedback |
| :--- | :---: |
| lever |  |$|$| Error limit | class 1.6 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Pneumatic <br> connections | Female threads Q1/4-18 NPT <br> according to DIN 45 141 |


| ANALOG POSITION FEEDBACK |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sensor | Resistive precision conductive plastic element |
| Input | Stroke/angle from actuator via position feedback lever; <br> Stroke range: 8 to 100 mm ( 0,3 to 4 in ) Angular range: $60^{\circ}$ to $120^{\circ}$ |
| Output | Two-wire system Signal range: 4 to 20 mA |
| Permitted load | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{Bmax}=(\mathrm{US}-12 \mathrm{~V}) / 0,02 \mathrm{~A}}^{(\mathrm{US}=\text { Supply voltage })} \end{gathered}$ |
| Power supply | Supply voltage: DC 12 to 36 V <br> Permitted ripple: < 10 \% p.p. <br> Supply voltage dependency: $<0,2 \%$ |
| Response characteristic e) | Non-linearity with terminal based setting: < 1,0 \% F.S <br> Hysterisis: $<0,5 \%$ F.S. <br> External resistance dependency: $<0,2 \% / R_{B \text { max }}$ <br> Temperature effect: < 0,3 \% / 10 K |

e) For feedback lever effective length $117,5 \mathrm{~mm}(4,63 \mathrm{in})$, stroke 30 mm (1,28 in) and maximum gain

COMMON DATA FOR OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES

| GENERAL |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| IP rating | Protection class IP 54; IP 65 on request |
| Mounting | Attachment to positioner |
| Electrical connections | Line entry: 1 or 2 cable glands $\mathrm{M} 20 \times 1,5$ or $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}-14$ <br> NPT (others with Adapter AD-...) <br> Cable diameter: 6 to 12 mm ( 0,24 to $0,47 \mathrm{in}$ ) <br> Screw terminals: max. $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (AWG14) <br> Optionally: <br> Threaded gland made of AISI 303 (1.4305) |
| Materials | Base plate: galvanized steel Control vane: alluminium <br> Setting mechanism: fibre glass-reinforced polyamide |


| AMBIENT CONDITIONS |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Ambient temperature <br> f) | -25 to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity | Up to $100 \%$ |
| Operating conditions | According to IEC 654-1; <br> The device can be operated at a <br> class D2 location |
| Transport and storage <br> temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

f) Refer to the section "Explosion protection", in page 5, with respect to explosion-protected equipment; $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for the fail-safe version of inductive limit switch.

## SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

| SAFETY |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Acc. to EN 61 010-1 <br> (resp. IEC 1010-1) | safety class III, pollution degree 2, <br> overvoltage category I |
| Limit Switch <br> (accessory equipment) | safety class II, pollution degree 2, <br> overvoltage category II |


| EXPLOSION PROTECTION TYPE Ex ia/ib |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Basic device type | AI 633 |
| Type of protection | II 2 G Ex ib/ia IIB/IIC T4/T6 |
| Certificate of <br> conformity | PTB 02 ATEX 2153 |
| Fir |  |

For operation in certified intrinsically safe circuits with the following maximum values of input circuit:
$\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{i}}: 30 \mathrm{~V}$
I.: 150 mA
$P_{i}$ : refer to the following table:

| $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{( W )}$ | $\mathbf{T 6}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}\right)$ | $\mathbf{T 4}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 40 | 90 |
| 1,5 | 50 | 90 |
| 1 | 57,5 | 90 |


| Internal inductance | Negligible |
| :--- | :--- |
| Internal capacitance | Negligible |

The control circuit is galvanically separate from earth and all other electric circuits.

## EXPLOSION PROTECTION ZONE 2 *

It is recommended that the instrument version for protection type Ex ia is used. In the Federal Republic of Germany, these instruments may be operated in Zone 2 with non-intrinsically safe circuits if the operating values do not exceed the maximum reference values.

## EXPLOSION PROTECTION ACCORDING TO FM AND CSA *

Electro-pneumatic positioner type BIM 633
Intrinsically safe, Class I, Division 1,
Groups A, B, C, D, hazardous locations.

* National installation regulations must be observed.


## LIMIT SWITCH

Type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ib/ia IIB/IIC with the following maximum values:
$\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{i}}: 16 \mathrm{~V}$
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{i}}: 25 \mathrm{~mA}$
P: 64 mW
Internal inductance: $100 \mu \mathrm{H}$
Internal capacitance: 30 nF
The signal circuits are galvanically separate from earth, from each other and from all other electric circuits.

## POSITION TRANSMITTER

Type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ib/ia IIB/IIC with the following maximum values:

For temperature class T 4 and a maximally permissible outside ambient temperature of $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ :
$\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{i}}: 30 \mathrm{~V}$
$\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{i}}: 130 \mathrm{~mA}$
P: 0,9 W
For temperature class T4 and a maximally permissible outside ambient temperature of $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ :
$\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{i}}: 22 \mathrm{~V}$
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{i}}: 66 \mathrm{~mA}$
$P_{i}: 0,5 \mathrm{~W}$
The effective internal inductance Li left amounts to $9 \mu \mathrm{H}$, the effective capacity Ci against earth amounts to 10 nF and/or differential 6 nF . The supply and signal circuits are galvanically separate from earth and from all other electric circuits.

