



P130 LINE OF PRESSURE REDUCING VALVES

INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS





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GENERAL INFORMATION

- These instructions must be carefully read before performing any work involving VALSTEAM ADCA products. Failure to observe these instructions may result in hazardous situations.
- These instructions describe the entire life cycle of the product. Keep them in a location that is accessible to every user and make these instructions available to every new owner of the product.
- Current regional and plant safety regulations must be considered and followed during installation, operation, and maintenance work.
- The images shown in these instructions are for illustration purposes only.
- For the problems that cannot be solved with the help of these instructions, please contact VALSTEAM ADCA or its representative.

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1. SAFETY INFORMATION

1.1. Explanation of symbols

DANGER

Hazardous situation which, if not avoided by applying the correct preventive measures, will result in fatal or serious injury and/or considerable damage to property.



WARNING

Hazardous situation which, if not avoided by applying the correct preventive measures, could result in fatal or serious injury and/or considerable damage to property.



CAUTION

Hazardous situation which, if not avoided by applying the correct preventive measures, could result in moderately severe or minor injury.



NOTICE

Situation which, if not avoided, can result in property damage or product malfunction.



NOTE

Indicates additional information, tips and recommendations.

1.2. Intended use

Refer to the markings on the device, such as nameplate and laser markings, Information Sheet (IS) and these Installation and Maintenance Instructions (IMI) to check that the product was designed for the intended use and meets the specifications used for sizing and selection. This includes checking application, material suitability, process medium, pressure and temperature as well as their respective limiting values.

VALSTEAM ADCA does not assume any responsibility for damage resulting from inappropriate use of the product, damage caused by external stresses or any other external factors. Correct installation of the product is the full responsibility of the contractor.







Inappropriate use of the product is any use other than the one described in this chapter. Inappropriate use also includes:

- Use of spare parts which are not genuine;
- Performance of maintenance work not described in these instructions;
- Use outside the limits defined by the accessories connected to the product.
- Unauthorized modifications to the product.

If the product is to be used for an application or with a fluid other than the one it was designed for, contact VALSTEAM ADCA.

1.3. Qualification of personnel

Handling, installation, operation and maintenance work must be carried out by fully trained and qualified personnel, capable of judging the work which they are assigned to perform and recognizing potentially hazardous situations. They should be trained to properly use this product according to these Installation and Maintenance Instructions.

Where a formal "Permits to Work" system is implemented in the plant it must be complied with.

1.4. Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should always be worn during work in order to protect against hazards posed by e.g. the process medium, dangerous temperatures, noise, falling or projected objects, working at height. These equipment includes a helmet, safety glasses, safety harness, protective clothes, safety shoes, hearing protection, etc.

NOTE

Always assess whether you or others in your vicinity require any protective equipment. When in doubt check with the plant's health & safety responsible personnel for details on required protective equipment.

1.5. The system

The complete system should be assessed as well as every action (e.g. closing of shutoff valves, disconnection of the power supply) to ensure this will not bring additional risk to personnel or property.

Dangerous actions that can result in a hazardous situation include isolation of protective devices such as safety valve, vents, vacuum relief valves, disconnection of electric safety devices, sensors and alarms.







1.6. ATEX

If the product is in the scope of the ATEX 2014/34/EU directive and as such bears the Ex marking, consult its specific Additional Instructions for use in Potentially Explosive Areas (IMI EX). In such cases, handling, installation, operation and maintenance work must only be performed by personnel qualified and authorized to work in potentially explosive areas.

1.7. General safety notes

DANGER

RISK OF BURSTING IN PRESSURE EQUIPMENT

Valves, ancillaries and pipelines are pressure equipment. Working above their operating limits or improper opening can lead to component bursting.

- Observe the maximum operating limits of the product and check if they are lower than those of the system in which it is being installed. Check the product Information Sheet (IS).
- Install a safety device.
- Before starting any work on the product, depressurize it and cool or heat it up to ambient temperature. This also applies to the line in which it is fitted.
- Drain the process medium from the product and all the relevant plant sections.



WARNING

RISK OF BURNS

Depending on the operating conditions, products and pipelines may get very hot or cold and cause burn injuries.

- Do not touch the product while it is hot or cold, allowing it firstly to cool down or heat up.
- Wear protective clothing and safety gloves during working operation.
- Thermally insulate tubes and product's as a preventive measure.

RISK OF INJURY CAUSED BY FLUID ATTACK ON PRODUCTS MATERIALS

The product must only be used with mediums that do not attack the materials of the product (body, gaskets, seals). Otherwise, leaks may occur, and hot and/or hazardous fluid can escape.

- Do not use the product with mediums other than the ones it was designed for. Check section 1.2 - Intended Use.
- Prevent medium contamination.



WARNING

RISK OF INJURY CAUSED BY UNDER TIGHTENED PRODUCT OR ITS COMPONENTS

Excessively low tightening torques may cause medium to escape or and/or components to be projected at high speed which may result in a hazardous situation depending on the medium, chemical properties and/or its operating conditions.

- Do not loosen any screw while the equipment is pressurized.
- Observe the specified tightening torques on these Installation and Maintenance Instructions. If the relevant torque value is not mentioned contact VALSTEAM ADCA.

RISK OF HEARING LOSS

Depending on the operating conditions, the product may generate loud noises.

• Wear hearing protection when in the vicinity of the product.

RISK OF INJURY AS A RESULT OF ILLEGIBLE INFORMATION

Important information written in the product nameplate, markings and warning signs may wear overtime or get illegible due to e.g. dirt accumulation, resulting in hazardous situations and personal injury or property damage.

• Keep nameplates, markings and warning signs in a legible state, replacing when illegible, missing or damaged.

RISK OF INJURY DUE TO VENTING IN SPRING LOADED REGULATORS

Spring loaded regulators with self-relieving option and without captured vent will vent the medium to the atmosphere through the cover.

• When working with hazardous fluids in regulators with self-relieving option make sure it is also fitted with captured vent/leakage line connection directed to a safe place.



CAUTION

RISK OF INJURY DUE TO RESIDUAL PROCESS MEDIUM

Direct contact with dangerous process medium may lead to personal injury, e.g. smoke inhalation and chemical burns.

- Drain the process medium from the product and all the relevant plant sections.
- Wear protective clothing, safety gloves, mask, and eye protection.









CAUTION

RISK OF INJURY DUE TO IMPROPER HANDLING

Manual handling (e.g. lifting, carrying, pushing, pulling) of large and/or heavy products may result in personal injury.

- Assess the risk associated with the handling task.
- Use adequate handling methods and appropriate auxiliary handling equipment.

NOTICE

RISK OF PRODUCT DAMAGE DUE TO EXCESSIVELY HIGH TIGHTENING TORQUES

High tightening torques may lead to premature wearing of product components.

 Observe the specified tightening torques on these Installation and Maintenance Instructions. If the relevant torque value is not mentioned contact VALSTEAM ADCA.

2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

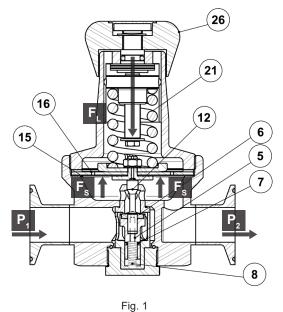
The ADCAPure P130 line of direct acting, diaphragm sensing, pressure reducing valves are designed for use with clean air, nitrogen, carbon dioxide, oxygen, argon and other gases or liquids compatible with the construction materials and valve design. These valves are specifically designed for the high purity gas systems found in the pharmaceutical, cosmetic, fine chemical and food & beverage processes. Every model which is part of the P130 line is available with clamped connections or extended tube weld (ETO) connections.

2.1. Principle of operation

The function of a pressure reducing valve is to reduce medium pressure from a higher upstream pressure to a lower downstream pressure, keeping it as stable as possible while other conditions such as flow demand vary.

During start-up, the valve is kept closed due to the force exerted by the upstream pressure (P1) and valve spring (8) bellow the plug assembly (5, 6, 12).

Spring-loaded versions (standard): Clockwise rotation of the adjustment knob (26) compresses the adjustment spring (21) and increases the loading force FL.



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Dome-loaded versions (variant "A"): The loading force FL is established by a gas pressure fed into the dome chamber. Gas is supplied by a pilot regulator or an I/P converter.

When the loading force FL is applied, the diaphragm deflects and the stem (12) moves downwards, opening the valve and admitting process medium to the downstream pipework, in the direction indicated by the arrow, increasing downstream pressure. The downstream pressure acts below the diaphragms (15, 16), applying a force Fs that counteracts the loading force FL and eventually closes the valve when set pressure is reached. When system consumption increases, downstream pressure drops and so does the force it applies on the bottom side of the diaphragm. As a result, the valve opens to try to reach the initial set pressure as long as the downstream system is demanding flow.

Since the P130J, P130H and P130G are balanced plug regulators, downstream pressure flows through an orifice on the plug to the balancing chamber beneath, balancing out the forces on part of the plug. The balancing chamber is sealed via an O-ring (7).

NOTE

A pressure reducing valve is not a shut-off device and as such there is almost always a small amount of leakage between seat and plug. For this reason, a shut-off valve should be used downstream of the regulator when isolation is required.

2.2. Certification

This product has been specifically designed for use with liquids and gases which are in Group 2 of the European PED -2014/68/EU Pressure Equipment Directive and it complies with its requirements.

P130L & P130K – CE MARKING – GROUP 2 (PED – European Directive)			
PN 16	Category		
1/2" to 3/4" – DN 08 to 20	SEP		

P130J – CE MARKING – GROUP 2 (PED – European Directive)			
PN 16	Category		
1/2" to 1" – DN 08 to 25	SEP		

P130H – CE MARKING – GROUP 2 (PED – European Directive)			
PN 16	Category		
1" – DN 25	SEP		

P130G – CE MARKING – GROUP 2 (PED – European Directive)		
PN 16	Category	
11/2" – DN 32 to 40	SEP	







NOTE

If the product falls within category SEP it must not be CE marked, unless other directives are applicable.

This product is not in the scope of the ATEX 2014/34/EU directive as it does not have its own potential ignition source. Personnel responsible for the plant installation must assess the risks caused by static electricity and take the necessary precautionary measures to prevent static charge. These measures include e.g. connection of the product to the equipotential bonding system.

The product has been designed in accordance with ASME BPE and EHEDG guidelines.

The product surface finishing conditions and non-metallic material approvals such as FDA and USP CL. VI are detailed in the ADCAPure specific inspection certificate.

Refer to IS PV20.00 Technical Information Sheet - ADCAPure for further information.

2.3. Product identification

The following items are indicated on the product nameplate or directly on its body:

- Manufacturer
- Product model (e.g. P130L)
- Pressure rating (e.g. PN 16) or maximum allowable pressure (e.g. Pmax = 16 bar)
- Nominal size (e.g. TC 1/2" BPE)
- Min. operating temperature (e.g. Tmin = -10 °C)
- Max. operating temperature (e.g. Tmax = 150 °C)
- Flow direction (indicated by an arrow)
- Serial number and year of manufacturing (e.g. Reg.:17483/19)
- CE Marking (when applicable see section 2.2 Certification)
- EX Marking (when applicable e.g. EX h IIB T6...T3 Gb see section 2.2 Certification)

2.4. Technical data

For technical data including dimensions, materials, limiting conditions and versions refer to the product respective Information Sheet (IS).

2.5. Factory assembly and cleaning

Assembly of the product is performed in a certified clean room according to ISO 14644-1 and all its components are cleaned and, when admissible, degreased and passivated. Such operations are performed in accordance with certified procedures and rigorous





control.

3. TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND PACKAGING



WARNING

RISK DUE TO FALLING LOADS

Loads may tip or fall over resulting in demage to property, serious injury or death.

- Use suitable equipment when moving or lifting suspended loads.
- Make sure no one is standing below the suspended load.



CAUTION

RISK OF INJURY DUE TO IMPROPER HANDLING

Manual handling (e.g. lifting, carrying, pushing, pulling) of large and/or heavy products may result in personal injury such as back injury.

- Assess the risk associated with the handling task.
- Use adequate handling methods and appropriate auxiliary handling equipment.

NOTICE

RISK OF PRODUCT DAMAGE DUE TO IMPROPER STORAGE

- Do not remove any packaging or protective covers until immediately before installation at the site.
- Store the product in a solid base in a dry, cool and dust-free environment.
- Until its installation, protect it from the weather, dirt, corrosive atmospheres and other harmful influences.

RISK OF PRODUCT DAMAGE DUE TO LONG TERM STORAGE

Some product components may deteriorate with time (e.g. valve packings, seals).

- Do not store the product for more than 12 months.
- If for any reason the product must be stored for longer periods of time contact VALSTEAM ADCA.

The product is end capped and sealed with recyclable thermo shrinkable plastic film inside the clean room where it was assembled to prevent contamination as it leaves the clean environment. The product is stored in a cardboard box as it leaves VALSTEAM ADCA. Avoid removing packaging, covers and sealings until immediately before installing the product at the site.





NOTE

If the transport packaging has any shipping damage contact VALSTEAM ADCA or its representative.

Before storing and transporting the product protect it from impacts and mechanical damage, paying special care with sealing surfaces and other fragile parts.

4. INSTALLATION

Before performing any installation work, refer to section 1 – Safety information.

WARNING

RISK OF INJURY DUE TO INSUFFICIENT SUPPORT DURING INSTALLATION

Insufficient support of the product during installation may cause it to fall and cause personal injury.

- Ensure the product is safely held in place during installation.
- Wear protective safety shoes.

CAUTION

RISK OF INJURY AND PRODUCT MALFUNCTION DUE TO PRESSURIZED SPRING CHAMBER

Plugging or isolating the captured vent/leakage line connection in a selfrelieving regulator will result in pressurization of the spring chamber, altering the regulator set pressure and causing medium to escape and/or components to be projected at high speed during disassembly.

• The captured vent/leakage line connection must be kept depressurized.

NOTICE

RISK OF PRODUCT DAMAGE DUE TO STRESS

The product is not intended to withstand external stresses that may be inducted by the system to which it is being connected to.

- Make sure that the connected pipe does not subject the body to any stress (forces or torques) during installation and operation.
- Do not use the product as an elevation point.





4.1. Preparation for installation

Before installation, make sure the following conditions are met:

- The installation area has easy access and the device is to be installed in a position where operation and maintenance work can be performed safely.
- The product will be installed with proper support and free of any stresses that can be induced by the system due to e.g. thermal pipe expansions / contractions during CIP/SIP. The necessary precautions are recommended during system design.
- The pipeline where the product will be installed is designed in such a way that it takes into account the weight of the product. The pipeline may require support on both sides next to the product, particularly if its size and weight are considerable and especially if vibrations are to be expected in the system.
- Consider good hydraulic flow control to avoid pressure surges and avoid dead legs on pipeline branches.
- The product is not damaged.
- Make sure all the necessary materials and tools are readily available during installation work.
- Referring to this Installation and Maintenance Instructions (IMI), Information Sheet (IS) and nameplate, check that the product is suitable for the intended installation: temperature, medium, pressure, temperature, etc. – see section 1.2 – Intended use.
- Check that there are no foreign bodies inside the pipelines and ancillaries, flushing may be necessary. These should be thoroughly cleaned.
- A filter may be necessary to install upstream of the regulator in some applications, protecting it from solid particles.
- A safety valve must be installed downstream if the inlet pressure to the regulator can exceed its maximum downstream pressure rating or the pressure rating of any equipment installed downstream.
- A shut-off valve is installed upstream and downstream of the regulator to facilitate start-up, maintenance and troubleshooting. A bypass line is recommended as it additionally prevent system shutdown during maintenance procedures, in which case a manual valve should be fitted to allow regulation of downstream pressure.
- The pressure regulator will not be thermally insulated.
- A pressure gauge is installed both upstream and downstream of the regulator for monitorization, set point adjustment and troubleshooting.

NOTE

If the regulator is fitted with an integrated downstream pressure gauge, the displayed pressure may be slightly higher compared to a separate gauge installed further downstream.

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- In steam applications (not recommended for the P130 line), it should be dry and free of impurities. A humidity separator with an appropriate trapping set trap is strongly recommended.
- Additionally, for dome-loaded variants make sure:
 - The gas supply is dry and free of oil.
 - If a pilot regulator is used, then it should be a self-relieving type and its maximum outlet pressure to the dome chamber may not exceed the downstream pressure rating of the P130 regulator.

NOTE

Assembly Drawings (AD) with assembly details and parts lists are available on request.

4.2. Installation procedure

- 1. Remove plastic film and other packaging, as well as the protective covers which are placed on clamps or ETO connections. Make sure the regulator is free from foreign matter.
- 2. Handle the regulator carefully to prevent damage to its surface finish.
- 3. The regulator recommended installation position is horizontal with the adjustment knob pointing upwards. Other installation positions may increase wear and shorten its service lifetime.
- 4. The regulator has an arrow or inlet/outlet designations, be sure that it is installed in the appropriate direction according to fluid flow.
- 5. When a clamp ferrule version is being installed, use appropriate gaskets. Sanitary clamps must respect the system operating limit conditions.
- 6. When an ETO version is being installed, the welding should be carried out by qualified personnel following an appropriate orbital welding procedure.
- 7. For dome-loaded regulators, connect the control pressure line to the dome chamber threaded port using suitable fittings and tubing.







5. START-UP

Before performing the start-up procedure, refer to section 1 – Safety information.

The start-up procedure must be followed every time the product is put back into service.

5.1. Preparation for start-up

Before starting up, make sure the following conditions are met:

- · All works on the system have been completed.
- All the necessary safety devices have been installed.
- When required, warning notices are used to alert others that the system is starting up.
- The product is correctly installed see section 4 Installation.
- Referring to these Installation and Maintenance Instructions (IMI), Information Sheet (IS) and nameplate, check that the product is suitable for the intended installation: temperature, medium, pressure, temperature, etc. – see section 1.2 – Intended use.
- A safety check was performed by qualified personnel. Checking for leaks, structural damage and integrity of system components.
- For spring-loaded regulators, the adjustment spring is completely relaxed. If not, release tension by turning the adjustment knob (26) counterclockwise.
- For dome-loaded regulators, the dome chamber is depressurized.

NOTICE

RISK OF PRODUCT DAMAGE DUE TO CONTAMINATION

The plant operator is responsible for cleaning the pipelines in the plant as well as keeping the product well maintained. At start-up, the presence of small particles in the medium (dirt, scale, weld splatters, etc.) may damage the product or cause malfunction.

- Flush pipelines before start-up.
- Clean protection varnishes from pipes and flanges, leftover paint, graphite, grease, etc.
- Use a pipeline strainer or a filter.

5.2. Start-up procedure

- 1. Partially open the downstream shut-off valve.
- 2. Slowly open the upstream shut-off valve to prevent sudden surges of pressure that can damage the regulator.







- 3. For spring-loaded regulators: Operation is performed by turning the adjustment knob (26) clockwise to increase downstream pressure and counterclockwise to decrease downstream pressure. Turn the adjustment knob (26) clockwise until flow is allowed through the regulator, monitoring with the aid of the downstream pressure gauge.
- 4. For dome-loaded regulators: Operation is performed by increasing loading control pressure to increase downstream pressure and decreasing loading control pressure to decrease downstream pressure. Increase loading control pressure until flow is allowed through the regulator, monitoring with the aid of the downstream pressure gauge.
- 5. Continue to slowly open the downstream shut-off valve, especially while the downstream system is not pressurized. This will allow pressure to build up slowly.
- 6. Operate the regulator until the desired set pressure is achieved. In spring-loaded regulators, make sure the final adjustment is made in the direction of increasing pressure (clockwise rotation of the adjustment knob) to obtain the most accurate set pressure.



NOTE

In dome-loaded regulators, depending on the model, the loading control pressure can be up to a maximum of 1,2 bar above the required downstream pressure.

- 7. Check for any leaks.
- 8. Check the pressure regulator to ensure it is operating correctly.

6. OPERATION

Before operating the product refer to section 1 – Safety information.

Immediately after completing the start-up procedure, the product is ready for operation.

WARNING

RISK OF INJURY DUE TO VENTING IN SPRING LOADED REGULATORS

Spring loaded regulators with self-relieving option and without captured vent will vent the medium to the atmosphere through the cover.

• When working with hazardous fluids in regulators with self-relieving option make sure it is also fitted with captured vent/leakage line connection directed to a safe place.





7. SHUTDOWN

Before performing the shutdown procedure, refer to section 1 – Safety information.

7.1. Shutdown procedure

- 1. Switch of the system and secure it so it cannot be turned on by unauthorized personnel.
- 2. Fully close the upstream shut-off valve, to stop the process medium from flowing through the pressure regulator.
- 3. Allow medium to cool down and completely drain it from the pipeline and pressure regulator.
- 4. Make sure the pipeline and pressure regulator are not under pressure and are at a safe temperature.
- 5. Fully close the downstream shut-off valve.
- 6. If the pressure regulator won't be put back in operation for a long period of time relax the regulating spring or disconnect the loading control pressure supply.
- 7. If the pressure regulator is to be removed from the pipeline see section 3 Transport, storage and packaging.

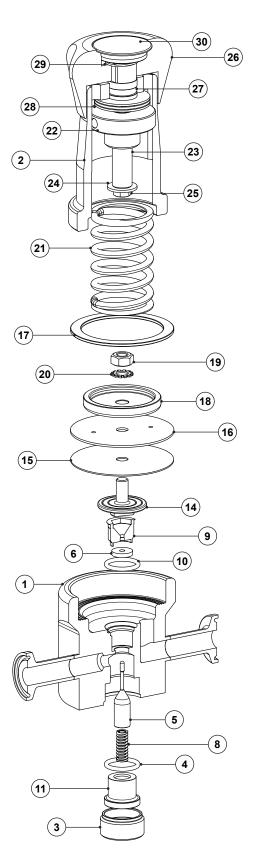


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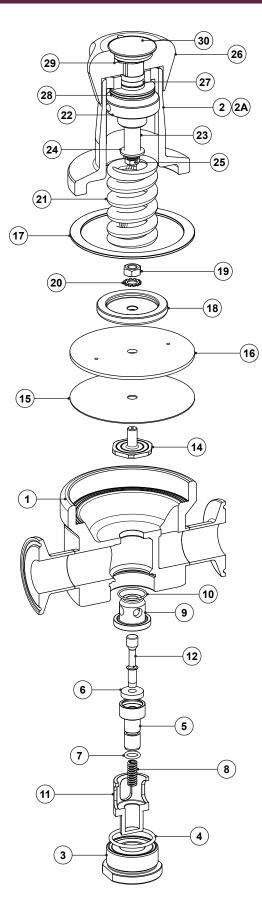
8. PARTS LIST



P130L spring-loaded pressure reducing valve



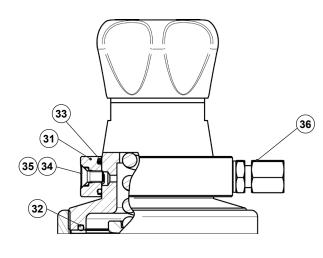


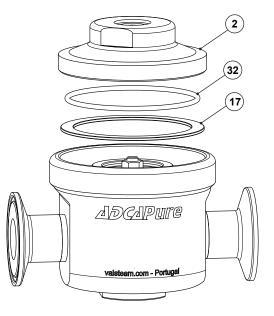


P130K, P130J, P130H and P130G spring-loaded pressure reducing valves









Leakage line/captured vent option.

Dome-loaded version.

	MATERIALS		MATERIALS		
POS. Nº	DESIGNATION	SPARE PARTS	POS. Nº	DESIGNATION	SPARE PARTS
1	Valve body		18	Plate	
2	Cover		19	Nut	
2A	Spring cover (P130H & P130G only)		20	Serrated washer	Х
3	Bottom cover		21	Adjustment spring	Х
4	O-ring	Х	22	Spring guide	
E	Plug (P130L only)	Х	23	Adjustment screw	
5	Piston (P130K, P130J, P130H & P130G only)	Х	24	Washer	
6	Valve seat seal (P130L only)	Х	25	Bolt	
6	Valve head (P130K, P130J, P130H & P130G only)		26	Adjustment knob	
7	O-ring (P130J, P130H & P130G only)	Х	27	O-ring	
8	Valve spring	Х	28	Bearing	
9	Seat	Х	29	Shaft ring	
10	O-ring	Х	30	Cover nut	
11	Guide	Х	31	*** Leakage line/captured vent ring	
12	Stem (P130K, P130J, P130H & P130G only)	Х	32	** O-ring	Х
13	* O-ring	Х	33	*** O-ring	
14	Pusher disk		34	*** Bolt	
15	Lower diaphragm	Х	35	*** O-ring	
16	Upper diaphragm	Х	36	*** Compression fitting	
17	Washer				

* Only for versions with self-relieving option.

** Only for dome-loaded variant and versions with leakage line / captured vent option.

*** Only for versions with leakage line/captured vent option.





9. MAINTENANCE

Before performing a maintenance procedure, refer to section 1 – Safety information.

The product requires maintenance to ensure that it operates correctly and safely throughout its lifetime. Maintenance work should be performed in a planned manner at periodic intervals. These intervals must be defined by the operator according to the service conditions.

9.1. Maintenance procedure

- 1. Make sure all the necessary materials and tools are readily available during maintenance work.
- 2. Perform the shutdown procedure see section 7 Shutdown.
- 3. Perform the maintenance procedure see the following sections.
- 4. Put the product back into operation see section 5 Start-up.

9.2. P130L pressure reducing valve

9.2.1. Replacing the plug

- 1. Completely relax the adjustment spring (21) or disconnect loading control pressure supply. If the valve is removed from the line, fix the valve body (1) in a vise with soft jaws, with the bottom cover (3) pointing upwards.
- 2. Unscrew the bottom cover (3) and remove O-ring (4), plug (5), valve spring (8) and guide (11).
- 3. Thoroughly clean all surfaces.
- 4. Place a new O-ring (4), plug (5) and valve spring (8) inside the valve body (1).
- 5. Apply a suitable lubricant on the bottom cover (3) thread and place a new guide (11) inside.
- 6. Carefully align the guide (11) with the plug (5), tightening the bottom cover (3) with the recommended torque see section 9.4 Tightening torques.

9.2.2. Replacing diaphragms and seat seal

- 1. Completely relax the adjustment spring (21) or disconnect control pressure supply. If the valve is removed from the line, fix the valve body (1) in a vise with soft jaws, with the cover (2) pointing upwards.
- 2. Unscrew the cover (2), remove the O-ring (32) if the regulator is dome-loaded and adjustment spring (21) if spring-loaded.
- 3. Remove washer (17) and complete diaphragm assembly (14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20).
- 4. Unscrew the valve seat (9), and remove seat seal (6) and O-ring (10).



- 5. Thoroughly clean the inside of the valve body (1) and cover (2).
- 6. Place a new O-ring (10), insert a new seat seal (6) into the valve seat (9) and screw it in place, tightening with the recommended torque see section 9.4 Tightening torques.
- 7. Disassemble the diaphragm assembly by holding the pusher disk (14) in a vise and unscrewing the nut (19).
- 8. Renew the serrated lock washer (20), upper diaphragm (16) and lower diaphragm (15). For self-relieving regulators replace the O-ring (13).
- Clean reusable parts and reassemble the diaphragm assembly (14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20). Hold the pusher disk (14) in a vise and tighten the nut (19) until the lower diaphragm (15) just starts to deform.
- 10. Place the diaphragm assembly (14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20) onto the body (1) followed by the washer (17). Fit the O-ring (32) if the regulator is dome-loaded and adjustment spring (21) if spring-loaded.
- 11. Apply a suitable lubricant on the cover (2) thread and screw it into the valve body (1) tightening with the recommended torque see section 9.4 Tightening torques.

9.3. P130K, P130J, P130H and P130G pressure reducing valves

9.3.1. Replacing the seat and plug assembly

- 1. Completely relax the adjustment spring (21) or disconnect loading control pressure supply. If the valve is removed from the line, fix the valve body (1) in a vise with soft jaws, with the bottom cover (3) pointing upwards.
- 2. Unscrew the bottom cover (3) and remove O-ring (4), guide (11), valve spring (8), plug assembly (5, 6, 7, 12), seat (9) and O-ring (10).
- 3. Thoroughly clean all surfaces.
- 4. Place a new O-ring (10) and valve seat (9) inside the valve body (1) followed by a new O-ring (4), plug assembly (5, 6, 7, 12) and valve spring (8).
- 5. Apply a suitable lubricant on the bottom cover (3) thread and insert the guide (11) inside.
- 6. Carefully align the guide (11) with the piston (5), tightening the bottom cover (3) with the recommended torque see section 9.4 Tightening torques.

9.3.2. Replacing the diaphragms

- 1. Completely relax the adjustment spring (21) or disconnect control pressure supply. If the valve is removed from the line, fix the valve body (1) in a vise with soft jaws, with the cover (2) pointing upwards.
- 2. Unscrew the cover (2), remove the O-ring (32) if the regulator is dome-loaded and adjustment spring (21) if spring-loaded.





- 3. Remove washer (17) and complete diaphragm assembly (14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20).
- 4. Thoroughly clean the inside of the valve body (1) and cover (2).
- 5. Disassemble the diaphragm assembly by holding the pusher disk (14) in a vise and unscrewing the nut (19).
- 6. Renew the serrated lock washer (20), upper diaphragm (16) and lower diaphragm (15). For self-relieving regulators replace the O-ring (13).
- Clean reusable parts and reassemble the diaphragm assembly (14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20). Hold the pusher disk (14) in a vise and tighten the nut (19) until the lower diaphragm (15) just starts to deform.
- 8. Place the diaphragm assembly (14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20) onto the body (1) followed by the washer (17). Fit the O-ring (32) if the regulator is dome-loaded and adjustment spring (21) if spring-loaded.
- 9. Apply a suitable lubricant on the cover (2) thread and screw it into the valve body (1) tightening with the recommended torque see section 9.4 Tightening torques.

9.4. Tightening torques

POS. Nº	DESIGNATION	TORQUE (Nm)			ו)	
P03. N*	DESIGNATION	P130L	P130J	P130K	K P130H	P130G
2	Cover	40	50	50	70	70
2A	Spring cover	—	—	_	35	35
3	Bottom cover	30	35	35	40	40
9	Seat	25-30	_	_	_	_





10. TROUBLESHOOTING

Before applying any corrective measure, refer to section 1 – Safety information.

If the malfunction cannot be solved with the help of the following table, contact VALSTEAM ADCA or its representative.

Malfunction	Possible cause	Corrective measure
	Seat and/or plug is worn or damaged.	Replace plug and/or seat - see sections 9.2.1, 9.2.2 or 9.3.1.
Downstream pressure rises above the adjusted set pressure.	Foreign matter is stuck between seat and plug.	 Remove foreign matter and replace seat and plug if necessary - see sections 9.2.1, 9.2.2 or 9.3.1. Consider installing a filter upstream of the regulator.
	Bypass valve is leaking.	Check, clean and replace the bypass valve if necessary.
	The adjustment spring regulating range is incorrect.	Replace the adjustment spring.
Downstream pressure does not reach the required set pressure.	The inlet upstream pressure to the regulator is too low or there is insufficient flow rate to meet the system consumption.	 Ensure that the upstream pressure to the regulator is equal or greater than the required set pressure at minimum and maximum consumption scenarios.
	Foreign matter is blocking the valve or flow restriction is limiting flow through the valve.	 Remove foreign matter and consider installing a filter upstream of the regulator. Check and solve flow restrictions (e.g. fully opening a partially open shut-off valve, cleaning clogged filter elements, etc.).
	The regulator is undersized.	 Check valve sizing and if necessary, install a different sized regulator. Contact VALSTEAM ADCA.
	The lower diaphragm (15) is damaged.	Replace damaged diaphragms – see sections 9.2.2 or 9.3.2.
Leakage between body and cover or through the adjustment knob or screw.	Cover (2) tightening torque is too low.	 Tighten cover (2) with the recommended torque – see sections 9.4 – Tightening torques.
30101.	The regulator has a self-relieving option and the O-ring (13) is damaged.	Replace the O-ring (13) - see sections 9.2.2 or 9.3.2.
The regulator is hunting or chattering.	The flow rate through the regulator is too low. The regulator is oversized.	 Check valve sizing and if necessary, install a smaller regulator. Contact VALSTEAM ADCA.
	The reducing ratio is too high.	 Install a second regulator in series (two- stage reduction). Contact VALSTEAM ADCA.
The downstream pressure rises too much when flow rate reduces to a static condition (no consumption).	Flow rate through the regulator is too high.	 When occurring during start-up, allow downstream system to pressurize slowly to prevent demage to the regulator. Check valve sizing and if necessary, install a larger regulator or a second regulator in parallel. Contact VALSTEAM ADCA.

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11. DISPOSAL

Once the product has reached the end of its working life, it should be sent for disposal in accordance with the prevailing national and local regulations.

Before disposal make sure that the product is clean and free from fluid residues.

During its disposal, pay special attention to rubbers, resins and polymer components (PVC, PTFE, PP, PVDF, FKM, NBR, etc.).

Do not dispose of components and hazardous substances together with household waste.

12. RETURNING PRODUCTS

Information regarding hazards and precautionary measures to be considered due to contaminating fluids and residues or mechanical damage that may represent a health, safety or environmental risk, must be provided in writing when returning products to VALSTEAM ADCA.

WARNING

RISK DUE TO PRESENCE OF HAZARDOUS RESIDUES ON RETURNED PRODUTS

Contaminated fluids and residues may represent an environmental risk, or risk to VALSTEAM ADCA personnel.

- Information regarding any hazards or precautionary measures to be considered must be provided in writing when returning products to VALSTEAM ADCA.
- Health and Safety information sheets relating to any substances identified as hazardous or potentially hazardous must be provided outside the packaging.
- Use Hazmat labels on the packaging.

IMPORTANTE NOTE

Total or partial disregard of these Installation and Maintenance Instructions involves loss of any right to warranty.

The extent and warranty period are specified in the "General sales conditions".

